Fish and meat consumption

Task 1

The graph below shows the consumption of fish and some different kinds of meat in a European country between 1979 and 2004. Summaries the information by selecting and reporting the main feature, and make comparisons where relevant.

The graph shows the consumption of four kinds of ~~popular meal~~ meat and chicken in the Europe and compares them through the years from 1979 to 2004.

> **Comment [Afarinesh1]:** The word POPULAR shows an analysis which is not suitable for report writing.

Bottommost of the graph exposition the consuming fish that ~~had~~ increased slightly in 1997 to 1982 and after degradation in 1982, it did not change until 2004.

> **Comment [Afarinesh2]:** There is no VERB in your sentence!

Topmost in 1979 was beef that ~~fall~~ fell suddenly to 170 and again climbed sharply to a peak ~~as~~ of 240 grams per person per week and after that decreased gradually and declined from 240 to 100 gram per person per week. (repetitive use of AND as a cohesive device!)

Both started at 150 grams, Chicken and Lamb per person per week in the 1979 ~~but~~ ; however, they had two different trends. Concurrently, Lamb ~~comes~~ came down from 150 to 70 as compared with chicken that soared to 250 from 150 grams.

> **Comment [Afarinesh3]:** What is it here?

> **Comment [Afarinesh4]:** BUT is not used at the beginning of the sentence in British English.

In the final analysis, chicken had an upward trend ~~in opposite of~~ in contrast to Beef and Lamb that had a downward trend with great ~~fluctuate~~ fluctuation in these years.

Task 2

In certain cultures old age is considered to be more important while in others it's the opposite, children are thought to be more important. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

The ~~Numbers of~~ people in ~~the~~ many developed countries ~~have~~have negative population growth that lead~~s~~ to ~~a,~~ decrease~~d~~ in the underage population and young ~~persons~~people. This ~~issue~~ cause~~s~~ ~~of~~ these countries to~~changing these countries to~~ change into countries with aging population.

~~In contrast with~~, in developing ~~country~~ countries and specially third world countries such as Indian, China and African countries, young population ~~increase~~ in increasing sharply. Many believe this trend of population is ~~back~~ related to~~to~~ cultures and the rules in the~~se~~ countries.

Statistics show, in recent decade~~s~~, developed countries and specifically European countries such as Germany and Sweden have had negative population growth which means that old people in these countries are more than young persons that caused of notice to children and the governments in these countries help parents to extend their family.

Instead, countries in Asia, people and government try to control population with strict rules; for example, the government in China do not support second children in ~~per~~ family. ~~Although~~However, so many times, families prefer increase number of children more and more. More children because their fathers and fathers of their father want it!

Nevertheless, some people in the world live with many rules ~~that many of them~~many of which are good and ~~so~~ many times they are not good. ~~Although~~However, it refers to culture that comes from past or it has direct relation to present situation.

In conclusion, I believe, in countries with young population and many crowded ~~country~~ countries respect to old persons and children in old population's country are dear.

Your writing does not cover both sides of the argument sufficiently. Along with the mistakes you have with your grammar and lexical resources, there are instances of problem with your cohesive devices.

Estimated Band Score:

TA	CC	LR	GRA	Overall
5	4	5	5	5

Good Luck,

Corrected and Commented by: Hamed Mohammad Hosseini